### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Douglas County, Colorado

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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304 Inverness Way South, Suite 490, Englewood, CO 80112

(303) 689-0833

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Board of Directors Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the continuing disclosure annual financial information included in the annual report. The continuing disclosure annual financial information comprises of the schedules as listed in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report there on. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the continuing disclosure annual financial information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the continuing disclosure annual financial information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the continuing disclosure annual financial information and the basic financial statements, or the continuing disclosure annual financial information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the continuing disclosure annual financial information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Englewood, CO June 7, 2023

Simmons & Whale P.C.



#### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 400,605
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,700,251
Receivable - County Treasurer	5,200
Property Taxes Receivable	800,793
Prepaid Insurance	3,864
Total Assets	2,910,713
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost of Refunding	232,521
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	232,521
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	6,911
Directors' Fees Payable	100
Due to Other Districts	4,209
Accrued Interest	20,134
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	400,000
Due in More Than One Year	7,178,252
Total Liabilities	7,609,606
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	800,793
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	800,793
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	3,400
Debt Service	1,502,289
Conservation Trust Fund	140,195
Capital Projects	39,433
Unrestricted	(6,952,482)
Total Net Position	\$ (5,267,165)

#### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Charges for	•	Revenues ating	(	Capital cants and	(Exp C Ne	Revenues penses) and hanges in et Position
	E	xpenses	Services		outions		ntributions		Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government	\$	58,322	\$ -	\$	-	\$	22,983	\$	(35,339)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt		291,199	-		_		_		(291,199)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	349,521	\$ -	\$	_	\$	22,983		(326,538)
GENERAL REVENUES  Property Taxes  Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income  Total General Revenues									819,623 72,482 38,477 930,582
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION								604,044
	Net F	Position - Beg	inning of Year						(5,871,209)
	NET	POSITION -	END OF YEAR					\$	(5,267,165)

#### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General		Debt General Service		Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Insurance	\$	400,605 3,400 - 102,694 3,864	\$	1,517,223 5,200 698,099	\$ 179,628 - - -	\$	400,605 1,700,251 5,200 800,793 3,864	
Total Assets	\$	510,563	\$	2,220,522	\$ 179,628	\$	2,910,713	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES  Accounts Payable Directors' Fees Payable Due to Other Districts Total Liabilities	\$	6,911 100 4,209 11,220	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	6,911 100 4,209 11,220	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property Tax Revenue  Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		102,694 102,694		698,099 698,099	 -		800,793 800,793	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable: Prepaid Expense Restricted for:		3,864		-	-		3,864	
Emergency Reserves Debt Service Conservation Trust Fund		3,400		1,522,423	- - 140,195		3,400 1,522,423 140,195	
Capital Projects Unassigned		389,385		-	39,433		39,433 389,385	
Total Fund Balances		396,649		1,522,423	179,628		2,098,700	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	510,563	\$	2,220,522	\$ 179,628			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:								
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Bonds Payable  Bond Premium Payable  Cost of Refunding  Accrued Interest Payable							(7,490,000) (88,252) 232,521 (20,134)	
Net Position of Governmental Activities						\$	(5,267,165)	

## CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Debt General Service			Capital Projects		Gov	Total vernmental Funds	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	105,108	\$	714,515	\$	-	\$	819,623
Specific Ownership Taxes		-		72,482		-		72,482
Conservation Trust Entitlement		-		-		22,983		22,983
Interest Income		7,086		30,227		1,164		38,477
Total Revenues		112,194		817,224		24,147		953,565
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Accounting		20,824		-		-		20,824
Audit		4,200		-		-		4,200
County Treasurer's Fees		1,578		10,724		-		12,302
Directors' Fees		300		-		-		300
District Management		9,080		-		-		9,080
Dues and Licenses		334		-		-		334
Election Expense		3,218		-		-		3,218
Insurance and Bonds		3,566		-		-		3,566
Legal Services		14,471		-		-		14,471
Miscellaneous		736		-		-		736
Payroll Taxes		15		-		-		15
Debt Service:								
Bond Interest		-		253,536		-		253,536
Bond Principal		-		390,000		-		390,000
Paying Agent Fees		-		5,500		-		5,500
Total Expenditures		58,322		659,760		-		718,082
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		53,872		157,464		24,147		235,483
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		342,777		1,364,959		155,481		1,863,217
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	396,649	\$	1,522,423	\$	179,628	\$ 2	2,098,700

### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds 235,483 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of longterm debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. **Bond Principal Payment** 390,000 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accretion of Bond Premium 6,528

(28,961)

604.044

\$

994

Amortization of Cost of Refunding

Accrued Interest - Change in Liability

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

# CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	а	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	105,113	\$	105,108	\$	(5)	
Interest Income	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	7,086	Ψ	6,086	
Total Revenues		106,113		112,194		6,081	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Accounting		27,500		20,824		6,676	
Auditing		4,500		4,200		300	
County Treasurer's Fees		1,577		1,578		(1)	
Directors' Fees		1,000		300		700	
District Management		20,000		9,080		10,920	
Dues and Licenses		400		334		66	
Insurance and Bonds		3,600		3,566		34	
Legal Services		11,000		14,471		(3,471)	
Miscellaneous		1,000		736		264	
Payroll Taxes		75		15		60	
Election Expense		10,000		3,218		6,782	
Contingency		5,348				5,348	
Total Expenditures		86,000		58,322		27,678	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		20,113		53,872		33,759	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		337,493		342,777		5,284	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	357,606	\$	396,649	\$	39,043	

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for Douglas County on May 20, 1996, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the Town of Parker on March 4, 1996, as modified in 1997 and 2001 (Modified Service Plan). The District's service area is located in the Town of Parker, Colorado. The District was established to provide for construction and financing for street, safety control, water, sanitation and park and recreation facilities and improvements. Upon completion and expiration of a warranty period, the street and safety control improvements were dedicated to and are being maintained by the Town of Parker. Water and sanitation improvements were dedicated to and are being maintained by the Villages of Parker Master Association, Inc. dba: Canterberry Crossing Master Association (HOA).

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### Amortization

#### Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Cost of Bond Refunding**

In the government-wide financial statements, the deferred cost of bond refunding is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the new bonds. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, cost of refunding, is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### **Equity**

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity (Continued)**

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet:

Cash and Investments	\$ 400,605
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,700,251
Total Cash	\$ 2,100,856

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 122,627
Investments	 1,978,229
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,100,856

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$122,627.

#### **Investments**

The District's formal investment policy is to follow state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund	Weighted-Average	_
Trust (CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$ 1,517,172
Colorado Local Government Liquid	Weighted-Average	
Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	 461,057
Total		\$ 1,978,229

#### **CSAFE**

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operates similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE CASH FUND may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

#### COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **COLOTRUST (Continued)**

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	_	Balance at ecember 31, 2021	Additions	tions Reductions		_	Balance at ecember 31, 2022	Due Within One Year		
General Obligation Bonds Payable:										
2016A Bonds 2016B Bonds Bond Premium - 2016A	\$	1,320,000 6,560,000 94,780	\$ - -	- -	\$	390,000 6,528	\$	1,320,000 6,170,000 88,252	\$	400,000
Total Bonds Payable	\$	7,974,780	\$		\$	396,528	\$	7,578,252	\$	400,000

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

**\$1,320,000** of General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Series 2016A) dated February 4, 2016. The Series 2016A Bonds bear interest of 4.00% per annum payable, on June 1 and December 1. Mandatory principal payments are due on December 1, commencing on December 1, 2035, with final payment due on December 1, 2036. The Series 2016A Bonds are subject to optional redemption on December 1, 2025, and any date thereafter at a redemption price equal to the par amount of the Bonds plus accrued interest.

The Series 2016A Bonds are general obligations of the District, secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the District and payable from general ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limitation of rate and in an amount necessary to pay the bonds when due against all taxable property within the District.

**\$8,245,000** of General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Series 2016B) dated February 4, 2016. The Series 2016B Bonds bear interest of 3.06% per annum on and after the Tax-Exempt Reissuance Date and 4.70% prior to that date, payable on June 1 and December 1. Mandatory principal payments are due on December 1, with final payment due on December 1, 2034. The Series 2016B Bonds are subject to optional redemption commencing June 1, 2026 at a price equal to par plus accrued interest. Prior to June 1, 2026, the Series 2016B Bonds are subject to redemption at a price equal to the par amount, plus accrued interest, plus a Prepayment Fee. The Prepayment Fee is equal to the present value of the difference between (a) the amount that would have been realized by the Owner on the prepaid amount for the remaining term of the Bonds at the then-applicable interest rate and (b) the amount that would be realized by the Owner of the Series 2016B Bonds by reinvesting funds for the remainder term of the Series 2016B Bonds at the (i) then-current market swap rate plus (ii) a spread of 1.10%, in effect at the time of prepayment as determined by the Owner, both (a) and (b) discounted at the then-current market swap rate excluding the spread. If the present value is zero or negative, there is no Prepayment Fee.

The Series 2016B Bonds are general obligations of the District, secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the District and payable from general ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limitation of rate and in an amount necessary to pay the bonds when due against all taxable property within the District.

#### **Unused Lines of Credit**

The Series 2016 Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit.

#### **Collateral**

No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Series 2016 Bonds.

#### **Events of Default**

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Indenture, and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Indenture.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Termination Events**

The Series 2016 Bonds do not have a termination provision. In the event that there are amounts outstanding after the maturity date, the District must levy the Required Mill Levy until all principal and accrued interest is paid on the bonds.

#### Acceleration

The Series 2016 Bonds are not subject to acceleration.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal		Interest			Total
2023	\$ 400,000	\$	241,602	9	3	641,602
2024	425,000		229,362			654,362
2025	435,000		216,357			651,357
2026	460,000		203,046			663,046
2027	475,000		188,970			663,970
2028-2032	2,725,000		712,596			3,437,596
2033-2036	 2,570,000		243,634			2,813,634
Total	\$ 7,490,000	\$	2,035,567	9	3	9,525,567

#### **Authorized Debt**

At December 31, 2022, the District had no remaining authorized but unissued indebtedness for the purpose of constructing new improvements and \$2,725,000 of authorized but unissued debt for the purpose of refunding bonds.

Pursuant to the Modified Service Plan, the District is subject to a limitation of \$11,000,000 in outstanding debt at any given point, not including debt issued for refunding of bonds. Additionally, the Modified Service Plan limited the District's debt service mill levy to 35 mills, as adjusted for changes in methodology for determining valuation of taxable property for so long as the ratio of the District's debt to assessed valuation exceeded 50%.

The Modified Service Plan provides that general obligation debt which is less than 50% of the District's assessed valuation, either on the date of issuance or at any time thereafter, the maximum debt service mill levy shall be such amount necessary to pay debt service, without limitation. Accordingly, there is no limitation on the District's debt service mill levy for the outstanding bonds.

#### NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components - restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes net position that is restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

\$ 3,400
1,502,289
140,195
39,433
\$ 1,685,317
\$

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

#### NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

#### **Management Agreement**

On May 21, 2002, the District entered into an agreement with Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District II (CCMD II), a separate and distinct quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, and the HOA, whereby the HOA will manage and maintain the operation of the Community Center and pool owned by CCMD II (Management Agreement). The Management Agreement was amended on May 15, 2007, to clarify certain administrative functions and responsibilities of the HOA. The District imposes a fee on all users of the Community Center and the pool pursuant to a resolution adopted on October 15, 2002, as amended.

This fee is charged to the residents via the monthly fees that they pay to the HOA. Upon the repayment of the District's general obligation debt, including any refundings thereof, and the repayment of any CCMD II Bonds, CCMD II will convey the Community Center and pool to the HOA.

On October 21, 2021, the District adopted a Resolution Ratifying Home Owner Fees Set by the Villages at Parker Master Association, Inc., dba: Canterberry Crossing Master Association and Used to Offset Certain Expenses for the Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District, Douglas County, Colorado, for the 2022 Calendar and Fiscal Year (2022 Resolution), pursuant to which the District ratified the HOA's imposition of homeowner recreation fees in the amount of \$700.00 per year for 2022.

#### NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

At elections held on May 7, 1996 and November 5, 1996, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all ad valorem property taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	a	Original nd Final		Actual	Fina F	ance with al Budget ositive
REVENUES		Budget		Amounts	<u> (IV</u>	egative)
	\$	714,540	\$	714,515	\$	(25)
Property Taxes	φ		Φ	· ·	φ	(25)
Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income		65,572 3,500		72,482 30,227		6,910 26,727
	-					
Total Revenues		783,612		817,224		33,612
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees		10,718		10,724		(6)
Bond Interest - Series 2016A		52,800		52,800		_
Bond Interest - Series 2016B		200,736		200,736		-
Bond Principal - Series 2016B		390,000		390,000		_
Paying Agent Fees		5,500		5,500		_
Contingency		5,246		· <u>-</u>		5,246
Total Expenditures		665,000		659,760		5,240
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		118,612		157,464		38,852
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,366,628		1,364,959		(1,669)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,485,240	\$	1,522,423	\$	37,183

# CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget			Actual .mounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Conservation Trust Entitlement	\$	25,000	\$	22,983	\$	(2,017)
Interest Income		258		1,164		906
Total Revenues		25,258		24,147		(1,111)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Projects		182,000		-		182,000
Total Expenditures		182,000		-		182,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(156,742)		24,147		180,889
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		156,742		155,481		(1,261)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	179,628	\$	179,628

#### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

	\$1,320,000							\$8,245,000							
Bonds	General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A							General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B							
and Interest	Issued February 4, 2016							Issued February 4, 2016							
Maturing		Principal Due Annually December 1							Principal Due Annually December 1						
in the Year			Inter	est at 4.00%			Interest at 3.06%								
Ending			June 1	1 and Decemb	er 1				June	1 and Decemb	er 1				
December 31,	Princip	al <sup>(1)</sup>		Interest		Total	F	Principal (1)		Interest		Total			
2023	\$	-	\$	52,800	\$	52,800	\$	400,000	\$	188,802	\$	588,802			
2024		-		52,800		52,800		425,000		176,562		601,562			
2025		-		52,800		52,800		435,000		163,557		598,557			
2026		-		52,800		52,800		460,000		150,246		610,246			
2027		-		52,800		52,800		475,000		136,170		611,170			
2028		-		52,800		52,800		500,000		121,635		621,635			
2029		-		52,800		52,800		520,000		106,335		626,335			
2030		-		52,800		52,800		545,000		90,423		635,423			
2031		-		52,800		52,800		565,000		73,746		638,746			
2032		-		52,800		52,800		595,000		56,457		651,457			
2033		-		52,800		52,800		610,000		38,250		648,250			
2034		-		52,800		52,800		640,000		19,584		659,584			
2035	6	35,000		52,800		687,800		-		-		-			
2036	6	85,000		27,400		712,400									
Total	\$ 1,3	20,000	\$	713,800	\$	2,033,800	\$	6,170,000	\$	1,321,767	\$	7,491,767			

#### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FIVE-YEAR SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Assessed Valuation for Current	Percent				To	otal		Percent
Year Ended	Υ	ear Property	Increase	ease Mills Levied for			Propert	Collected		
December 31,		Tax Levy	(Decrease)	General	Debt Service		Levied		Collected	to Levied
2018	\$	31,916,720	8.22 %	2.795	24.350	\$	866,379	\$	866,381	100.00 %
2019		31,952,620	0.11	2.795	24.350		867,354		867,355	100.00
2020		35,423,750	10.86	2.795	19.000		772,060		772,062	100.00
2021		35,731,350	0.87	2.795	19.000		778,765		778,766	100.00
2022		37,607,400	5.25	2.795	19.000		819,654		819,623	100.00
Estimated for Calendar Year Ending December 31, 2023	\$	36.742.050	(2.30)%	2.795	19.000	\$	800,793			
2020	Ψ	30,172,030	(2.50) /6	2.133	15.000	Ψ	000,733			

#### Note:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION – UNAUDITED

#### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ANNUAL DISCLOSURE SELECTED DEBT RATIOS OF THE DISTRICT (UNAUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

Direct Debt	\$ 7,490,000
2022 District Assessed Valuation	\$ 36,742,050
Direct Debt to Assessed Valuation	20.39 %
2022 District Estimated Statutory "Actual" Value (1)	\$ 520,934,308
Direct Debt to Estimated Statutory "Actual" Value	1.44 %

(1) Statutory "actual value has been calculated using a statutory formula under which assessed valuation is calculated as 6.95% of the statutory "actual" value of residential property and 29% of the statutory "actual" value of all other classes of property (with certain specific exceptions). Statutory "actual" value is not intended to represent market value.

#### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ANNUAL DISCLOSURE TOTAL MILL LEVY (UNAUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022
Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority	0.500
Douglas County	18.524
Douglas Country School District Re-1	36.136
Douglas County Schools - Debt Service	6.700
Douglas County Soil Conservation District	0.000
Douglas Public Library District	4.008
Parker (Town of)	2.602
South Metro Fire Rescue Protection District	9.288
Parker Water and Sanitation District	7.698
Regional Transportation District	0.000
Urban Drainage and Flood Control District	0.900
Urban Drainage and Flood Control District - South Platt	0.100
Overlapping Mill Levy	86.456
The District	21.795
Total Mill Levy	108.251

# CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ANNUAL DISCLOSURE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (UNAUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2018	2019		2020		2021		2022
REVENUES					 				
Property Taxes	\$	89,208	\$	89,308	\$ 99,009	\$	99,869	\$	105,108
Interest Income		3,908		5,439	 1,905		226		7,086
Total		93,116		94,747	100,914		100,095		112,194
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Accounting		21,062		19,428	20,552		19,594		20,824
Audit		4,000		4,000	4,200		4,200		4,200
Country Treasurer's Fees		1,339		1,340	1,486		1,499		1,578
Directors' Fees		500		400	200		400		300
District Management		19,953		11,809	6,930		8,191		9,080
Dues and Licenses		430		320	341		342		334
Insurance and Bonds		3,301		3,678	3,480		3,564		3,566
Legal Services		10,905		8,887	6,767		7,740		14,471
Miscellaneous		720		1,287	889		608		736
Payroll Taxes		54		31	15		31		15
Election Expense		89			3,277				3,218
Total		62,353		51,180	 48,137		46,169		58,322
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		30,763		43,567	 52,777		53,926		53,872
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		30,763		43,567	52,777		53,926		53,872
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	161,744		192,507	 236,074		288,851		342,777
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	192,507	\$	236,074	\$ 288,851	\$	342,777	\$	396,649

#### CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ANNUAL DISCLOSURE GENERAL FUND BUDGET SUMMARY AND COMPARISON (UNAUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2021 Budget (Final)		_	21 Actual Audited)	202	22 Budget (Final)	22 Actual naudited)
REVENUES		(* ******)			1	(* ******)	 
Property Taxes	\$	99,869	\$	99,869	\$	105,113	\$ 105,108
Interest Income		1,000		226		1,000	 7,086
Total		100,869		100,095		106,113	 112,194
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Accounting		25,000		19,594		27,500	20,824
Audit		4,500		4,200		4,500	4,200
Country Treasurer's Fees		1,498		1,499		1,577	1,578
Directors' Fees		1,000		400		1,000	300
District Management		20,000		8,191		20,000	9,080
Dues and Licenses		400		342		400	334
Insurance and Bonds		3,600		3,564		3,600	3,566
Legal Services		11,000		7,740		11,000	14,471
Miscellaneous		1,000		608		1,000	736
Payroll Taxes		75		31		75	15
Election Expense		-		-		10,000	3,218
Contingency		6,927				5,348	 
Total		75,000		46,169		86,000	 58,322
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		25,869		53,926		20,113	53,872
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		280,615		288,851		337,493	 342,777
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		306,484	\$	342,777	\$	357,606	\$ 396,649